Seller's Disclosure Statement

Property Address:	2420 Highland Court	Royal Oak		MICHIGAN
	Street		City, Village or Township	

Purpose of Statement: This statement is a disclosure of the condition of the property in compliance with the Seller Disclosure Act. This statement is a disclosure of the condition and information concerning the property, known by the Seller. Unless otherwise advised, the Seller does not possess any expertise in construction, architecture, engineering or any other specific area related to the construction or condition of the improvements on the property or the land. Also, unless otherwise advised, the Seller has not conducted any inspection of generally inaccessible areas such as the foundation or roof. This statement is not a warranty of any kind by the Seller or by any Agent representing the Seller in this transaction, and is not a substitution for any inspections or warranties the Buyer may wish to obtain.

Seller's Disclosure: The Seller discloses the following information with the knowledge that even though this is not a warranty, the Seller specifically makes the following representations based on the Seller's knowledge at the signing of this document. Upon receiving this statement from the Seller, the Seller's Agent is required to provide a copy to the Buyer or the Agent of the Buyer. The Seller authorizes its Agent(s) to provide a copy of this statement to any prospective Buyer in connection with any actual or anticipated sale of property. The following are representations made solely by the Seller and are not the representations of the Seller's Agent(s), if any. THIS INFORMATION IS A DISCLOSURE ONLY AND IS NOT INTENDED TO BE A PART OF ANY CONTRACT BETWEEN BUYER AND SELLER.

Instructions to the Seller. (1) Answer ALL questions. (2) Report known conditions affecting the property. (3) Attach additional pages with your signature if additional space is required. (4) Complete this form yourself. (5) If some items do not apply to your property, check NOT AVAILABLE. If you do not know the facts, check UNKNOWN. FAILURE TO PROVIDE A PURCHASER WITH A SIGNED DISCLOSURE STATEMENT WILL ENABLE A PURCHASER TO TERMINATE AN OTHERWISE BINDING PURCHASE AGREEMENT.

Appliances/Systems/Services: The items below are in working order. (The items listed below are included in the sale of the property only if the purchase agreement so provides.)

	Yes	No	Unknown	Not		Yes	No	Unknown	Not
Range/oven Dishwasher Refrigerator	X X			Available	Lawn sprinkler system Water heater Plumbing system				
Hood/fan Disposal TV antenna, TV rotor controls					Water softener/conditioner Well & pump Septic tank & drainfield				
Electric system Garage door opener & remote Alarm System	V V				Sump pump City water system City sewer system				
Intercom Central vacuum Attic fan					Central air conditioning Central heating system Wall furnace				
Pool heater, wall liner & equipment Microwave Trash compactor					Humidifier Electronic air filter Solar heating system				
Ceiling fan Sauna/hot tub Washer					Fireplace & chimney Wood burning system Dryer				

Explanations (attach additional sheets if necessary):

UNLESS OTHERWISE AGREED, ALL HOUSEHOLD APPLIANCES ARE SOLD IN WORKING ORDER EXCEPT AS NOTED WITHOUT WARRANTY BEYOND DATE OF CLOSING.

Property	conditions, improvements & additional information:					
1.	Basement/Crawlspace: Has there been evidence of water?	у	es 🔽 n	0		
	If yes, please explain: Hard Rain street flooded and backed up to basement, See addendum or what has been done					
2.	Insulation: Describe, if known: unknown					
	Urea Formaldehyde Foam Insulation (UFFI) is installed?	unknown	yes	no		
3.	Roof: Leaks?		yes	no 🔽		
	Approximate age if known: Complete tear off in 2006					
4.	Well: Type of well (depth/diameter, age and repair history, if known):					_
	Has the water been tested?		yes 🗌	no 🖌		
	If yes, date of last report/results:					
			BUYER'S I	NITIALS		
			SELLER'S	INITIALS		10.1
PAGE 1 C	F 2				<i>WW</i> 07/26/24	MW 07/26/24
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FORM I	H JUN/06					

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dotloop signature verification: dtlp.us/0q3n-SzL5-AC6E

Seller's Disclosure Statement

Property Address:	2420 Highland Co	ourt Royal Oak	1	MICHIGAN <u>48073</u>
 5. Septic tanks/drain fields: Condition, if known: 6. Heating system: Type/approximate age: 5 years 7. Plumbing system: Type: conner □ galvanized □ Any known problems? no 8. Electrical system: Any known problems? no 	other 🗋			
 9. History of Infestation, if any: (termites, carpenter ants, etc.) 1 10. Environmental problems: Are you aware of any substances, 		at may be an environmental ha	zard such as but not limite	ed to asbestos radon
gas, formaldehyde, lead-based paint, fuel or chemical storage tan			zara such as, but not mina	20 10, 03003103, 10001
		Unknown 🖌	yes	no
If yes, please explain:				
If yes, please explain: 11. Flood Insurance: Do you have flood insurance on the proper	ty?	unknown	yes	no 🖌
12. Mineral Rights: Do you own the mineral rights?		unknown 🗹	yes 🔲	no 🛄
Other Items: Are you aware of any of the following:				
1. Features of property shared in common with the adjoining la	andowners, such as wall			se or responsibility
for maintenance may have an effect on the property? 2. Any encroachments, easements, zoning violations or noncor	nforming uses?	unknown unknown	yes	no 🔽
 Any encroachments, easements, zoning violations of noncol Any "common areas" (facilities like pools, tennis courts, wa 				nas any authority over
the property?	inkways, of other areas c	unknown	yes	no
4. Structural modifications, alterations, or repairs made without	ut necessary permits or l	icensed contractors?		
		unknown	yes 🔽	no 🗖
5. Settling, flooding, drainage, structural, or grading problems	?	unknown	yes 🔽	no 🗌
6. Major damage to the property from fire, wind, floods, or lan	idslides?	unknown	yes	no
 Any underground storage tanks? Farm or farm operation in the vicinity; or proximity to a lan 	dfill airport shooting r	unknown <u> </u>	yes	no
8. Fain of fain operation in the vicinity, of proximity to a fain	unin, amport, shooting ra	unknown	ves 🗌	no 🗖
9. Any outstanding utility assessments or fees, including any n	atural gas main extensic		J 00	
	ç	unknown 🔽	yes	no 🗌
10. Any outstanding municipal assessments or fees?		unknown	yes	no
11. Any pending litigation that could affect the property or the S	Seller's right to convey t		-	
If the answer to any of these questions is yes, please explain. Atta	ah additional shaata if a	unknown 🔽	yes	no
If the answer to any of these questions is ves, please explain. Atta	ch additional sheets, if i			
The Seller has lived in the residence on the property from	1982	(date) to	present	(date).
The Seller has owned the property since 1983				(date).
The Seller has indicated above the conditions of all the items bas				
systems of this property from the date of this form to the date of c		diately disclose the changes to	Buyer. In no event shall the	ne parties hold the
Broker liable for any representations not directly made by the Bro	oker of Broker's Agent.			
Seller certifies that the information in this statement is true and co	prrect to the best of Selle	er's knowledge as of the date of	Seller's signature.	

BUYER SHOULD OBTAIN PROFESSIONAL ADVICE AND INSPECTIONS OF THE PROPERTY TO MORE FULLY DETERMINE THE CONDITION OF THE PROPERTY. THESE INSPECTIONS SHOULD TAKE INDOOR AIR AND WATER QUALITY INTO ACCOUNT, AS WELL AS ANY EVIDENCE OF UNUSUALLY HIGH LEVELS OF POTENTIAL ALLERGENS INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, HOUSEHOLD MOLD, MILDEW AND BACTERIA.

BUYERS ARE ADVISED THAT CERTAIN INFORMATION COMPILED PURSUANT TO THE SEX OFFENDERS REGISTRATION ACT, 1994 PA 295, MCL 28,721 TO 28.732 IS AVAILABLE TO THE PUBLIC BUYERS SEEKING SUCH INFORMATION SHOULD CONTACT THE APPROPRIATE LOCAL LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY OR SHERIFF'S DEPARTMENT DIRECTLY.

BUYER IS ADVISED THAT THE STATE EQUALIZED VALUE OF THE PROPERTY, PRINCIPAL RESIDENCE EXEMPTION INFORMATION, AND OTHER REAL PROPERTY TAX INFORMATION IS AVAILABLE FROM THE APPROPRIATE LOCAL ASSESSOR'S OFFICE. BUYER SHOULD NOT ASSUME THAT BUYER'S FUTURE TAX BILLS ON THE PROPERTY WILL BE THE SAME AS THE SELLER'S PRESENT TAX BILLS. UNDER MICHIGAN LAW, REAL PROPERTY TAX OBLIGATIONS CAN CHANGE SIGNIFICANTLY WHEN PROPERTY IS TRANSFERRED.

Seller	Mary Wright divergent			Date:		
Seller	William Wright			Date:		
Buyer has read and acknowledges receipt of this statement.						
Buyer		Date:			Time	
Buyer		Date:			Time_	

Disclaimer: This form is provided as a service of Michigan Realtors[®]. Please review both the form and details of the particular transaction to ensure that each section is appropriate for the transaction. Michigan Realtors[®] is not responsible for use or misuse of form for misrepresentation or for warranties made in connection with the form.

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FORM H JUN/06

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Seller's Disclosure Statement Addendum

2420 Highland Court, Royal Oak, MI 48073

Property Address:		2420 Highland Court, Royal Oak, MI 48073			
	Street	City	Zip Code		

Purpose of Addendum: According to the Michigan Seller's Disclosure Act a "Seller's Disclosure Statement" is required to be completed by any seller and presented to any buyer for applicable transfers of real estate (MCL 565.962). The language of such disclosure is required to be on the standard "Seller's Disclosure Statement" this addendum is attached to (MCL 565.957). The Seller is NOT required to complete this addendum and present it to the Buyer.

The purpose of the Seller's Disclosure Statement is to inform the Buyer of the condition of the property before completing the purchase. However, the Seller's Disclosure Statement may also be used by the Seller as a defense against any allegations of fraud or failure to disclose by the Buyer. To that end, the "Seller's Disclosure Statement Addendum" aims to both inform the Buyer in greater detail as to the condition of the property and protect the Seller against allegations of failure to disclose such conditions. If the Seller chooses to complete this form, the Seller acknowledges that they should provide any and all relevant information to the questions herein and provide corresponding documentation if available. Seller's Initials: WW

Similar to the Seller's Disclosure Statement, THIS INFORMATION IS A DISCLOSURE ONLY AND IS NOT **INTENDED TO BE A PART OF ANY CONTRACT BETWEEN THE BUYER AND SELLER**. By completing this addendum the Seller is not wholly protected against claims by the Buyer, nor is the Buyer completely aware of every aspect of the condition of the property. The Buyer still ought to have the property inspected as needed, and the Seller ought to disclose any and all relevant conditions of the property, even if not specifically referenced in the Seller's Disclosure Statement or this Addendum. Seller should use a separate sheet if provided space is not sufficient to answer any disclosure.

- Α. List all instances in which there was water intrusion in any part of the dwelling located on the property, including the location of the intrusion, amount of water, resulting damages, actions taken to fix such damages, actions taken to prevent the intrusion from occurring in the future, and who performed such actions: When street flooded The water backed up in city drain and came in basement about 1/16inch depth, in a 3x3 area. plumber came out Scoped with Camera and cleaned out backed up, Pipes where good and no problems found,
- B. List all instances in which there was an accumulation of water on the property that created a pool of standing water, including the location of the pooling, the amount of water, the duration of the pooling, resulting damages, actions taken to fix such damages, actions taken to prevent the intrusion from occurring, and who preformed such actions:none
- C. List all instances in which there has been evidence of issues with the foundation of the dwelling located on the property, including but not limited to evidence of cracking of the foundation, including the location of the evidence of such issues, the time of discovery, any damages as a result of the roof issue, actions taken to fix such damages, actions taken to prevent further issues from occurring, and who preformed such actions:none
- D. List all instances in which there have been issues with the roof of the dwelling located on the property, including the location of the evidence of such issues, the time of discovery, any damages as a result of the foundation issue, actions taken to fix such damages, actions taken to prevent further foundation issues from occurring, and who preformed such actions: Roof Was a complete tear off replacement in 2006

- E. List the details of all claims against any insurance policy Seller obtained for the property including the type of policy, the details of any claim, the outcome of any claim, and any actions taken as a result of a claim made pursuant to the policy, and any persons or companies who performed actions as a result of the claim:^{none}
- F. List all improvements or repairs to the property performed while the Seller was the owner and/or occupant of the Property, including the goal of the improvement, who performed any actions related to the improvement, the time of such actions, and the result of such actions (THIS INCLUDES IMPROVEMENTS OR REPAIRS COMPLETED BY THE SELLER HIMSELF/HERSELF): installed Bathroom Exhaust fan
- G. List all occurrences in which a permit for improvements or repairs with any governmental agency was applied for while the Seller was the owner and/or occupant of the Property, including the timing of the application, the purpose of the application, whether or not the permit was granted, any actions taken related to the permit, the time of such actions, the result of such actions and who performed such actions: Roof, Garage, HVAC, Electrical,
- H. List all occurrences in which a governmental agency cited the property and/or the Seller and/or the occupant of the property for a violation of any code, ordinance or law, including the timing of the citation, the purpose of the citation, any actions taken related to the citation, the time of such actions, the result of such actions, who performed such actions and the resolution of such citation, if any: none
- I. List all occurrences in which legal proceedings related to the Property occurred or were threatened to occur, including who was involved in such proceedings or threates, the nature of such proceedings or threats, the timing of such proceedings or threats, and the result of such proceedings or threats:
- K. If Seller has made any oral/verbal disclosures about the Property to Buyer or Buyer's agents that is not contained in the Seller's Disclosure Statement nor this Addendum, please describe:

SELLER ACKNOWLEDGMENT: Seller acknowledges that this is not a required form by Michigan Law and is drafted with the intent to protect Seller from future claims of fraud or failure to disclose conditions of the Property. Seller acknowledges that they do not have to complete this form or provided it to the Buyer, and that such disclosures may dissuade a prospective Buyer from purchasing the Property. Seller acknowledges that the disclosures contained in this addendum are the Seller's, and no other person or entity, including Seller's broker and/or realtor, are responsible for any disclosures (truthful, false, omitted or otherwise) contained in this addendum other than the Seller.

Scher.	Mary Wright	dotloop verified 07/26/24 4:16 PM EDT P0R2-KKLW-V28H-AGFQ	Date:
Seller:	William Wright	dotloop verified 07/26/24 4:05 PM EDT A7LW-0YAX-FRCH-2QWS	Date:

BUYER ACKNOWLEDGMENT. Buyer acknowledges that this is not a required form by Michigan Law and is drafted with the intent to further inform Buyer of the condition of the Property. Buyer acknowledges this form is not part of the agreement between Buyer and Seller. Buyer acknowledges that Buyer should still take actions necessary to inform himself/herself of the condition of the property and not rely on disclosures made by Seller.

Buyer	Date:	
Buyer	Date:	





PERSONAL PROPERTY SHEET

In connection with sale of _____ 2420 Highland Court, Royal Oak, MI 48073 Property Address

This agreement is a part of the Purchase Agreement dated: ______. The following list of personal property is included in the purchase price and is conveyed as is with no warranty either expressed or implied, such property being of no monetary value:

INCLUDED	EXCLUDED
Washer	
Dryer	
Refridgerator	
shedin back yard	
Oven/ Range	
Microwave	

It is hereby understood that the list and selling offices do not warrant or guarantee the condition, age, operation or any other material fact regarding the above items.

Further, Seller(s) and Purchaser(s) hereby release and hold harmless the listing and selling offices and its agents free from any cost or liabilities that may occur in connection therewith.

The Seller(s) agree to convey to the Purchaser(s) the above personal property on consummation of this real estate sale.

Buyer_		r Mary Wright	dotloop verified 07/26/24 4:16 PM EDT KOPM-SSVT-DCDA-H2OW
Buyer_	Selle	TWilliam Wright	dotioop verfied 07/26/24.435 PM EDT 1KES-LALB-MC1F-L3XO





Protect Your Family From Lead in Your Home





United States Protection Agency



United States Consumer Product Safety Commission



United States Department of Housing and Urban Development

Are You Planning to Buy or Rent a Home Built Before 1978?

Did you know that many homes built before 1978 have **lead-based** paint? Lead from paint, chips, and dust can pose serious health hazards.

Read this entire brochure to learn:

- How lead gets into the body
- About health effects of lead
- What you can do to protect your family
- Where to go for more information

Before renting or buying a pre-1978 home or apartment, federal law requires:

- Sellers must disclose known information on lead-based paint or leadbased paint hazards before selling a house.
- Real estate sales contracts must include a specific warning statement about lead-based paint. Buyers have up to 10 days to check for lead.
- Landlords must disclose known information on lead-based paint and lead-based paint hazards before leases take effect. Leases must include a specific warning statement about lead-based paint.

If undertaking renovations, repairs, or painting (RRP) projects in your pre-1978 home or apartment:

• Read EPA's pamphlet, *The Lead-Safe Certified Guide to Renovate Right*, to learn about the lead-safe work practices that contractors are required to follow when working in your home (see page 12).



Simple Steps to Protect Your Family from Lead Hazards

If you think your home has lead-based paint:

- · Don't try to remove lead-based paint yourself.
- Always keep painted surfaces in good condition to minimize deterioration.
- Get your home checked for lead hazards. Find a certified inspector or risk assessor at epa.gov/lead.
- Talk to your landlord about fixing surfaces with peeling or chipping paint.
- Regularly clean floors, window sills, and other surfaces.
- Take precautions to avoid exposure to lead dust when remodeling.
- When renovating, repairing, or painting, hire only EPA- or stateapproved Lead-Safe certified renovation firms.
- Before buying, renting, or renovating your home, have it checked for lead-based paint.
- Consult your health care provider about testing your children for lead. Your pediatrician can check for lead with a simple blood test.
- Wash children's hands, bottles, pacifiers, and toys often.
- Make sure children avoid fatty (or high fat) foods and eat nutritious meals high in iron and calcium.
- Remove shoes or wipe soil off shoes before entering your house.

Lead Gets into the Body in Many Ways

Adults and children can get lead into their bodies if they:

- Breathe in lead dust (especially during activities such as renovations, repairs, or painting that disturb painted surfaces).
- Swallow lead dust that has settled on food, food preparation surfaces, and other places.
- Eat paint chips or soil that contains lead.

Lead is especially dangerous to children under the age of 6.

- At this age, children's brains and nervous systems are more sensitive to the damaging effects of lead.
- Children's growing bodies absorb more lead.
- Babies and young children often put their hands and other objects in their mouths. These objects can have lead dust on them.



Women of childbearing age should know that lead is dangerous to a developing fetus.

• Women with a high lead level in their system before or during pregnancy risk exposing the fetus to lead through the placenta during fetal development.

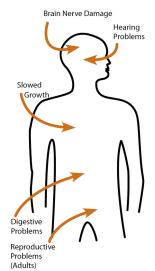
Health Effects of Lead

Lead affects the body in many ways. It is important to know that even exposure to low levels of lead can severely harm children.

In children, exposure to lead can cause:

- Nervous system and kidney damage
- Learning disabilities, attention deficit disorder, and decreased intelligence
- Speech, language, and behavior problems
- Poor muscle coordination
- Decreased muscle and bone growth
- Hearing damage

While low-lead exposure is most common, exposure to high amounts of lead can have devastating effects on children, including seizures, unconsciousness, and, in some cases, death.



Although children are especially susceptible to lead exposure, lead can be dangerous for adults, too.

In adults, exposure to lead can cause:

- Harm to a developing fetus
- Increased chance of high blood pressure during pregnancy
- Fertility problems (in men and women)
- High blood pressure
- Digestive problems
- Nerve disorders
- Memory and concentration problems
- Muscle and joint pain

Check Your Family for Lead

Get your children and home tested if you think your home has lead.

Children's blood lead levels tend to increase rapidly from 6 to 12 months of age, and tend to peak at 18 to 24 months of age.

Consult your doctor for advice on testing your children. A simple blood test can detect lead. Blood lead tests are usually recommended for:

- Children at ages 1 and 2
- Children or other family members who have been exposed to high levels of lead
- Children who should be tested under your state or local health screening plan

Your doctor can explain what the test results mean and if more testing will be needed.

Where Lead-Based Paint Is Found

In general, the older your home or childcare facility, the more likely it has lead-based paint.¹

Many homes, including private, federally-assisted, federallyowned housing, and childcare facilities built before 1978 have lead-based paint. In 1978, the federal government banned consumer uses of lead-containing paint.²

Learn how to determine if paint is lead-based paint on page 7.

Lead can be found:

- In homes and childcare facilities in the city, country, or suburbs,
- · In private and public single-family homes and apartments,
- On surfaces inside and outside of the house, and
- In soil around a home. (Soil can pick up lead from exterior paint or other sources, such as past use of leaded gas in cars.)

Learn more about where lead is found at epa.gov/lead.

¹ "Lead-based paint" is currently defined by the federal government as paint with lead levels greater than or equal to 1.0 milligram per square centimeter (mg/cm), or more than 0.5% by weight.

² "Lead-containing paint" is currently defined by the federal government as lead in new dried paint in excess of 90 parts per million (ppm) by weight.

Identifying Lead-Based Paint and Lead-Based Paint Hazards

Deteriorating lead-based paint (peeling, chipping, chalking, cracking, or damaged paint) is a hazard and needs immediate attention. **Lead-based paint** may also be a hazard when found on surfaces that children can chew or that get a lot of wear and tear, such as:

- On windows and window sills
- Doors and door frames
- Stairs, railings, banisters, and porches

Lead-based paint is usually not a hazard if it is in good condition and if it is not on an impact or friction surface like a window.

Lead dust can form when lead-based paint is scraped, sanded, or heated. Lead dust also forms when painted surfaces containing lead bump or rub together. Lead paint chips and dust can get on surfaces and objects that people touch. Settled lead dust can reenter the air when the home is vacuumed or swept, or when people walk through it. EPA currently defines the following levels of lead in dust as hazardous:

- 40 micrograms per square foot ($\mu g/ft^2$) and higher for floors, including carpeted floors
- 250 μ g/ft² and higher for interior window sills

Lead in soil can be a hazard when children play in bare soil or when people bring soil into the house on their shoes. EPA currently defines the following levels of lead in soil as hazardous:

- 400 parts per million (ppm) and higher in play areas of bare soil
- 1,200 ppm (average) and higher in bare soil in the remainder of the yard

Remember, lead from paint chips—which you can see—and lead dust—which you may not be able to see—both can be hazards.

The only way to find out if paint, dust, or soil lead hazards exist is to test for them. The next page describes how to do this.

Checking Your Home for Lead

You can get your home tested for lead in several different ways:

- A lead-based paint **inspection** tells you if your home has leadbased paint and where it is located. It won't tell you whether your home currently has lead hazards. A trained and certified testing professional, called a lead-based paint inspector, will conduct a paint inspection using methods, such as:
 - Portable x-ray fluorescence (XRF) machine
 - · Lab tests of paint samples
- A risk assessment tells you if your home currently has any lead hazards from lead in paint, dust, or soil. It also tells you what actions to take to address any hazards. A trained and certified testing professional, called a risk assessor, will:



- Sample paint that is deteriorated on doors, windows, floors, stairs, and walls
- Sample dust near painted surfaces and sample bare soil in the yard
- · Get lab tests of paint, dust, and soil samples
- A combination inspection and risk assessment tells you if your home has any lead-based paint and if your home has any lead hazards, and where both are located.

Be sure to read the report provided to you after your inspection or risk assessment is completed, and ask questions about anything you do not understand.

Checking Your Home for Lead, continued

In preparing for renovation, repair, or painting work in a pre-1978 home, Lead-Safe Certified renovators (see page 12) may:

- Take paint chip samples to determine if lead-based paint is present in the area planned for renovation and send them to an EPA-recognized lead lab for analysis. In housing receiving federal assistance, the person collecting these samples must be a certified lead-based paint inspector or risk assessor
- Use EPA-recognized tests kits to determine if lead-based paint is absent (but not in housing receiving federal assistance)
- Presume that lead-based paint is present and use lead-safe work practices

There are state and federal programs in place to ensure that testing is done safely, reliably, and effectively. Contact your state or local agency for more information, visit epa.gov/lead, or call **1-800-424-LEAD** (5323) for a list of contacts in your area.³

³ Hearing- or speech-challenged individuals may access this number through TTY by calling the Federal Relay Service at 1-800-877-8399.

What You Can Do Now to Protect Your Family

If you suspect that your house has lead-based paint hazards, you can take some immediate steps to reduce your family's risk:

- If you rent, notify your landlord of peeling or chipping paint.
- Keep painted surfaces clean and free of dust. Clean floors, window frames, window sills, and other surfaces weekly. Use a mop or sponge with warm water and a general all-purpose cleaner. (Remember: never mix ammonia and bleach products together because they can form a dangerous gas.)
- Carefully clean up paint chips immediately without creating dust.
- Thoroughly rinse sponges and mop heads often during cleaning of dirty or dusty areas, and again afterward.
- Wash your hands and your children's hands often, especially before they eat and before nap time and bed time.
- Keep play areas clean. Wash bottles, pacifiers, toys, and stuffed animals regularly.
- Keep children from chewing window sills or other painted surfaces, or eating soil.
- When renovating, repairing, or painting, hire only EPA- or stateapproved Lead-Safe Certified renovation firms (see page 12).
- Clean or remove shoes before entering your home to avoid tracking in lead from soil.
- Make sure children avoid fatty (or high fat) foods and eat nutritious meals high in iron and calcium. Children with good diets absorb less lead.

Reducing Lead Hazards

Disturbing lead-based paint or removing lead improperly can increase the hazard to your family by spreading even more lead dust around the house.

 In addition to day-to-day cleaning and good nutrition, you can temporarily reduce lead-based paint hazards by taking actions, such as repairing damaged painted surfaces and planting grass to cover leadcontaminated soil. These actions are not permanent solutions and will need ongoing attention.



- You can minimize exposure to lead when renovating, repairing, or painting by hiring an EPA- or statecertified renovator who is trained in the use of lead-safe work practices. If you are a do-it-yourselfer, learn how to use lead-safe work practices in your home.
- To remove lead hazards permanently, you should hire a certified lead abatement contractor. Abatement (or permanent hazard elimination) methods include removing, sealing, or enclosing lead-based paint with special materials. Just painting over the hazard with regular paint is not permanent control.

Always use a certified contractor who is trained to address lead hazards safely.

- Hire a Lead-Safe Certified firm (see page 12) to perform renovation, repair, or painting (RRP) projects that disturb painted surfaces.
- To correct lead hazards permanently, hire a certified lead abatement professional. This will ensure your contractor knows how to work safely and has the proper equipment to clean up thoroughly.

Certified contractors will employ qualified workers and follow strict safety rules as set by their state or by the federal government.

Reducing Lead Hazards, continued

If your home has had lead abatement work done or if the housing is receiving federal assistance, once the work is completed, dust cleanup activities must be conducted until clearance testing indicates that lead dust levels are below the following levels:

- 40 micrograms per square foot $(\mu g/ft^2)$ for floors, including carpeted floors
- 250 μg/ft² for interior windows sills
- 400 μ g/ft² for window troughs

For help in locating certified lead abatement professionals in your area, call your state or local agency (see pages 14 and 15), or visit epa.gov/lead, or call 1-800-424-LEAD.

Renovating, Remodeling, or Repairing (RRP) a Home with Lead-Based Paint

If you hire a contractor to conduct renovation, repair, or painting (RRP) projects in your pre-1978 home or childcare facility (such as pre-school and kindergarten), your contractor must:

- Be a Lead-Safe Certified firm approved by EPA or an EPA-authorized state program
- Use qualified trained individuals (Lead-Safe Certified renovators) who follow specific lead-safe work practices to prevent lead contamination
- Provide a copy of EPA's lead hazard information document, The Lead-Safe Certified Guide to Renovate Right



RRP contractors working in pre-1978 homes and childcare facilities must follow lead-safe work practices that:

- **Contain the work area.** The area must be contained so that dust and debris do not escape from the work area. Warning signs must be put up, and plastic or other impermeable material and tape must be used.
- Avoid renovation methods that generate large amounts of lead-contaminated dust. Some methods generate so much lead-contaminated dust that their use is prohibited. They are:
 - Open-flame burning or torching
 - Sanding, grinding, planing, needle gunning, or blasting with power tools and equipment not equipped with a shroud and HEPA vacuum attachment and
 - Using a heat gun at temperatures greater than 1100°F
- **Clean up thoroughly.** The work area should be cleaned up daily. When all the work is done, the area must be cleaned up using special cleaning methods.
- **Dispose of waste properly.** Collect and seal waste in a heavy duty bag or sheeting. When transported, ensure that waste is contained to prevent release of dust and debris.

To learn more about EPA's requirements for RRP projects visit epa.gov/getleadsafe, or read *The Lead-Safe Certified Guide to Renovate Right*.

Other Sources of Lead

While paint, dust, and soil are the most common sources of lead, other lead sources also exist:

- **Drinking water.** Your home might have plumbing with lead or lead solder. You cannot see, smell, or taste lead, and boiling your water will not get rid of lead. If you think your plumbing might contain lead:
 - Use only cold water for drinking and cooking.
 - Run water for 15 to 30 seconds before drinking it, especially if you have not used your water for a few hours.

Call your local health department or water supplier to find out about testing your water, or visit epa.gov/lead for EPA's lead in drinking water information.

- Lead smelters or other industries that release lead into the air.
- Your job. If you work with lead, you could bring it home on your body or clothes. Shower and change clothes before coming home. Launder your work clothes separately from the rest of your family's clothes.
- **Hobbies** that use lead, such as making pottery or stained glass, or refinishing furniture. Call your local health department for information about hobbies that may use lead.
- Old toys and furniture may have been painted with lead-containing paint. Older toys and other children's products may have parts that contain lead.⁴
- Food and liquids cooked or stored in **lead crystal** or **lead-glazed pottery or porcelain** may contain lead.
- Folk remedies, such as "greta" and "azarcon," used to treat an upset stomach.

⁴ In 1978, the federal government banned toys, other children's products, and furniture with lead-containing paint (16 CFR 1303). In 2008, the federal government banned lead in most children's products. The federal government currently bans lead in excess of 100 ppm by weight in most children's products (76 FR 44463).

For More Information

The National Lead Information Center

Learn how to protect children from lead poisoning and get other information about lead hazards on the Web at epa.gov/lead and hud.gov/lead, or call **1-800-424-LEAD (5323).**

EPA's Safe Drinking Water Hotline

For information about lead in drinking water, call **1-800-426-4791**, or visit epa.gov/lead for information about lead in drinking water.

Consumer Product Safety Commission (CPSC) Hotline

For information on lead in toys and other consumer products, or to report an unsafe consumer product or a product-related injury, call **1-800-638-2772**, or visit CPSC's website at cpsc.gov or saferproducts.gov.

State and Local Health and Environmental Agencies

Some states, tribes, and cities have their own rules related to leadbased paint. Check with your local agency to see which laws apply to you. Most agencies can also provide information on finding a lead abatement firm in your area, and on possible sources of financial aid for reducing lead hazards. Receive up-to-date address and phone information for your state or local contacts on the Web at epa.gov/lead, or contact the National Lead Information Center at **1-800-424-LEAD**.

Hearing- or speech-challenged individuals may access any of the phone numbers in this brochure through TTY by calling the toll-free Federal Relay Service at **1-800-877-8339**.

U. S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Regional Offices

The mission of EPA is to protect human health and the environment. Your Regional EPA Office can provide further information regarding regulations and lead protection programs.

Region 1 (Connecticut, Massachusetts, Maine, New Hampshire, Rhode Island, Vermont)

Regional Lead Contact U.S. EPA Region 1 5 Post Office Square, Suite 100, OES 05-4 Boston, MA 02109-3912 (888) 372-7341

Region 2 (New Jersey, New York, Puerto Rico, Virgin Islands)

Regional Lead Contact U.S. EPA Region 2 2890 Woodbridge Avenue Building 205, Mail Stop 225 Edison, NJ 08837-3679 (732) 321-6671

Region 3 (Delaware, Maryland, Pennsylvania, Virginia, DC, West Virginia)

Regional Lead Contact U.S. EPA Region 3 1650 Arch Street Philadelphia, PA 19103 (215) 814-2088

Region 4 (Alabama, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Mississippi, North Carolina, South Carolina, Tennessee)

Regional Lead Contact U.S. EPA Region 4 AFC Tower, 12th Floor, Air, Pesticides & Toxics 61 Forsyth Street, SW Atlanta, GA 30303 (404) 562-8998

Region 5 (Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Minnesota, Ohio, Wisconsin)

Regional Lead Contact U.S. EPA Region 5 (DT-8J) 77 West Jackson Boulevard Chicago, IL 60604-3666 (312) 886-7836 **Region 6** (Arkansas, Louisiana, New Mexico, Oklahoma, Texas, and 66 Tribes)

Regional Lead Contact U.S. EPA Region 6 1445 Ross Avenue, 12th Floor Dallas, TX 75202-2733 (214) 665-2704

Region 7 (Iowa, Kansas, Missouri, Nebraska)

Regional Lead Contact U.S. EPA Region 7 11201 Renner Blvd. WWPD/TOPE Lenexa, KS 66219 (800) 223-0425

Region 8 (Colorado, Montana, North Dakota, South Dakota, Utah, Wyoming)

Regional Lead Contact U.S. EPA Region 8 1595 Wynkoop St. Denver, CO 80202 (303) 312-6966

Region 9 (Arizona, California, Hawaii, Nevada)

Regional Lead Contact U.S. EPA Region 9 (CMD-4-2) 75 Hawthorne Street San Francisco, CA 94105 (415) 947-4280

Region 10 (Alaska, Idaho, Oregon, Washington)

Regional Lead Contact U.S. EPA Region 10 Solid Waste & Toxics Unit (WCM-128) 1200 Sixth Avenue, Suite 900 Seattle, WA 98101 (206) 553-1200

Consumer Product Safety Commission (CPSC)

The CPSC protects the public against unreasonable risk of injury from consumer products through education, safety standards activities, and enforcement. Contact CPSC for further information regarding consumer product safety and regulations.

CPSC 4330 East West Highway Bethesda, MD 20814-4421 1-800-638-2772 cpsc.gov or saferproducts.gov

U. S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD)

HUD's mission is to create strong, sustainable, inclusive communities and quality affordable homes for all. Contact HUD's Office of Healthy Homes and Lead Hazard Control for further information regarding the Lead Safe Housing Rule, which protects families in pre-1978 assisted housing, and for the lead hazard control and research grant programs.

HUD

451 Seventh Street, SW, Room 8236 Washington, DC 20410-3000 (202) 402-7698 hud.gov/offices/lead/

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U. S. EPA Washington DC 20460 U. S. CPSC Bethesda MD 20814 U. S. HUD Washington DC 20410 EPA-747-K-12-001 September 2013

IMPORTANT!

Lead From Paint, Dust, and Soil in and Around Your Home Can Be Dangerous if Not Managed Properly

- Children under 6 years old are most at risk for lead poisoning in your home.
- Lead exposure can harm young children and babies even before they are born.
- Homes, schools, and child care facilities built before 1978 are likely to contain lead-based paint.
- Even children who seem healthy may have dangerous levels of lead in their bodies.
- Disturbing surfaces with lead-based paint or removing lead-based paint improperly can increase the danger to your family.
- People can get lead into their bodies by breathing or swallowing lead dust, or by eating soil or paint chips containing lead.
- People have many options for reducing lead hazards.
 Generally, lead-based paint that is in good condition is not a hazard (see page 10).





DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENT OF LEAD-BASED PAINT AND/OR LEAD-BASED PAINT HAZARDS



1920 Our Home At 2420 Highland Court, Royal Oak, MI 48073 Was Built In: Dated:

Seller: Mary Wright

Lead Warning Statement:

Every purchaser of any interest in residential real property on which a residential dwelling was built prior to 1978 in notified that such property might present exposure to lead from lead-based paint that may place young children at risk of developing lead poising. Lead poisoning in young children may produce permanent neurological damage, including learning disabilities, reduced intelligence quotient, behavioral problems, and impaired memory. Lead poisoning also poses a particular risk to pregnant women. The seller of any interest in residential real property is required to provide the buyer with any information on lead-based paint hazards. A risk assessment or inspection for possible lead-based paint hazards is recommended prior to purchase.

NOTE: IF THE HOUSING BEING LISTED OR SOLD WAS BUILT IN 1978 OR AFTER - YOU DO NOT HAVE TO FILL OUT THE REMAINDER OF THIS FORM.

Seller's Disclosure (initial)

4:05 PM EDT

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Known lead-based paint and/or lead-based paint hazards are present in the housing. (Explain)

Seller has no knowledge of lead-based paint and/or lead-based paint hazards in the housing.

(B) Records and Reports available to the seller (check one below):

Seller has provided the purchaser with all available records and reports pertaining to lead-based paint and/or lead-based paint hazards in the housing (list documents below):

Seller has no reports or records pertaining to lead-based paint and/or lead-based paint hazards in the housing.

Purchaser's Acknowledgement (initial)

- (C) Purchaser has received copies of all information listed above.
- (D) Purchaser has received the pamphlet Protect Your Family From Lead In Your Home.
- (E) Purchaser has (check one below):
 - Received a 10-day opportunity (or mutually agreed upon period) to conduct a risk assessment or inspection of the presence of lead-based paint or lead-based paint hazards, or...
 - Waived the opportunity to conduct a risk assessment for the presence of lead-based paint and/or leadbased paint hazards.

Agent's Acknowledgement (initial)

(F) Agent has informed the seller of the seller's obligations under 42 U.S.C. 4852d and is aware of his/her responsibilities to ensure compliance.

Certification of Accuracy

The following parties have reviewed the information above and certify, to the best of their knowledge, that the information they have provided is true and accurate.

Seller:	Mary Wright	dotloop verified 07/26/24 4:16 PM EDT 50BJ-AKBE-AUZC-QPKS	Purchaser:
Seller:	William Wright	dotloop verified 07/26/24 4:05 PM EDT 6XYD-W538-HGPN-LWLR	Purchaser:
Agent:	Darrell Hudiburgh	dotloop verified 07/26/24 4:01 PM EDT NJAQ-G50W-UBEN-5MTZ	Agent:

Note: Intact lead-based paint that is in good condition is not necessarily a hazard. See EPA pamphlet Protect Your Family From Lead In Your Home for more information. F024 Lead Base Paint (08/97)

INSTRUCTIONS FOR REALCOMP REALTORS®

Accessing Realcomp's SentriLock Bluetooth Lockboxes

Initial Step - Required Only Once

DOWNLOAD THE SENTRISMART APP

... from the Google Play Store (for Androids) or the Apple Store (for iOS devices) to your Smart device.

Initial Step - Required Only Once

ACTIVATE YOUR SENTRISMART ACCOUNT

Request a SentriLock account activation link by calling Realcomp at (866) 553-3430 or by sending us an email at support@realcomp.com. Be sure to include your Realcomp agent ID number in the body of the email. Activate your account by clicking the link and then following the prompts on the screen.

Repetitive Step - Required with Each Access

LOG INTO THE SENTRISMART APP

... after having your requested showing confirmed by the listing agent or office. Use your SentriLock account credentials to log into the app.

ACCESS THE LOCKBOX

Visit Realcomp's Electronic Lockbox Central section of Icomp MovelnMichigan.com for more information

XXXX

a) Press ENT on the lockbox to wake it up.

b) Tap the listing/lockbox you wish to access from the app. ** You must enable location services on your device to use the Properties List feature.
c) Enter your PIN and tap the Open Key Compartment from the app.
d) Pull the key compartment of the Bluetooth® REALTOR® Lockbox open once the motor is finished turning.

INCLUDE THE URL FOR OUR ONLINE 2-PAGE INSTRUCTIONAL FLYER IN THE AGENT REMARKS OF YOUR LISTING: HTTP://bit.ly/how-to-show (lower case)