

New York State Department of State Division of Licensing Services (518) 474-4429 www.dos.ny.gov

> New York Slate Division of Consumer Rights (888) 392-3644

## New York State Housing and Anti-Discrimination Disclosure Form

Federal, State and local Fair Housing Laws provide comprehensive protections from discrimination in housing. It is unlawful for any property owner, landlord, property manager or other person who sells, rents or leases housing, to discriminate based on certain protected characteristics, which include, but are not limited to race, creed, color, national origin, sexual orientation, gender identity or expression, military status, sex, age, disability, marital status, lawful source of income or familial status. Real estate professionals must also comply with all Fair Housing Laws.

Real estate brokers and real estate salespersons, and their employees and agents violate the Law if they:

- Discriminate based on any protected characteristic when negotiating a sale, rental or lease, including representing that a property is not available when it is available.
- Negotiate discriminatory terms of sale, rental or lease, such as stating a different price because of race, national origin or other protected characteristic.
- Discriminate based on any protected characteristic because it is the preference of a seller or landlord.
- Discriminate by "steering" which occurs when a real estate professional guides prospective buyers or renters towards or away from certain neighborhoods, locations or buildings, based on any protected characteristic.
- Discriminate by "blockbusting" which occurs when a real estate professional represents that a change has
  occurred or may occur in future in the composition of a block, neighborhood or area, with respect to any
  protected characteristics, and that the change will lead to undesirable consequences for that area, such
  as lower property values, increase in crime, or decline in the quality of schools.
- Discriminate by pressuring a client or employee to violate the Law.
- Express any discrimination because of any protected characteristic by any statement, publication, advertisement, application, inquiry or any Fair Housing Law record.

#### YOU HAVE THE RIGHT TO FILE A COMPLAINT

If you believe you have been the victim of housing discrimination you should file a complaint with the New York State Division of Human Rights (DHR). Complaints may be filed by:

- Downloading a complaint form from the DHR website: www.dhr.ny.gov;
- Stop by a DHR office in person, or contact one of the Division's offices, by telephone or by mall, to obtain a complaint form and/or other assistance in filing a complaint. A list of office locations is available online at: https://dhr.nv.gov/contact-us, and the Fair Housing HOTLINE at (844)-862-8703.

You may also file a complaint with the NYS Department of State, Division of Licensing Services. Complaints may be filed by:

- Downloading a complaint form from the Department of State's website https://www.dos.nv.gov/licensing/complaint\_links.html
- Stop by a Department's office in person, or contact one of the Department's offices, by telephone or by , mail, to obtain a complaint form.
- Call the Department at (518) 474-4429.

There is no fee charged to you for these services. It is unlawful for anyone to retaliate against you for filing a complaint.

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For more information on Fair Housing A <a href="https://dhr.ny.gov/fairhousing">https://dhr.ny.gov/fairhousing</a> and <a href<="" th=""><th></th><th></th></a>		
This form was provided to me by	Norman Benjamin	(print name of Real Estate Salesperson/
Broker) of K.W. Ploff	girM (print name o	of Real Estate company, firm or brokerage)
(1)(We) Sulli's Super 10	nanket Inc/B	ynow Povegrim
(Buyer/Tenant/Seller/Landlord) acknow	rledge receipt of a copy of the	nis disclosure form:
Buyer/Tenant/Seller/Landlord Signature	e Br	Date 6 34/24
Buyer/Tenant/Seller/Landlord Signature	е	Date
Real Estate broker and real estate salespe	orsons are required by New Yo	ork State law to provide you with this Disclosure.



# Division of Licensing Services

New York State Department of State Division of Licensing Services P.O. Box 22001 Albany, NY 12201-2001 Customer Service: (518) 474-4429 www.dos.ny.gov

### New York State Disclosure Form for Buyer and Seller

#### THIS IS NOT A CONTRACT

New York State law requires real estate licensees who are acting as agents of buyers or sellers of real property to advise the potential buyers or sellers with whom they work of the nature of their agency relationship and the rights and obligations it creates. This disclosure will help you to make informed choices about your relationship with the real estate broker and its sales agents.

Throughout the transaction you may receive more than one disclosure form. The law may require each agent assisting in the transaction to present you with this disclosure form. A real estate agent is a person qualified to advise about real estate.

If you need legal, tax or other advice, consult with a professional in that field.

## Disclosure Regarding Real Estate Agency Relationships

#### Seller's Agent

A seller's agent is an agent who is engaged by a seller to represent the seller's interests. The seller's agent does this by securing a buyer for the seller's home at a price and on terms acceptable to the seller. A seller's agent has, without Ilmitation, the following fiduciary duties to the seller: reasonable care, undivided loyalty, confidentiality, full disclosure, obedience and duty to account. A seller's agent does not represent the Interests of the buyer. The obligations of a seller's agent are also subject to any specific provisions set forth in an agreement between the agent and the seller, In dealings with the buyer, a seller's agent should (a) exercise reasonable skill and care in performance of the agent's duties; (b) deal honestly, fairly and in good faith; and (c) disclose all facts known to the agent materially affecting the value or desirability of property, except as otherwise provided by law.

#### **Buyer's Agent**

A buyer's agent is an agent who is engaged by a buyer to represent the buyer's interest. The buyer's agent does this by negotiating the purchase of a home at a price and on terms acceptable to the buyer. A buyer's agent has, without limitation, the following flduciary duties to the buyer: reasonable care, undlylded loyalty, confidentiality, full disclosure, obedience and duty to account. A buyer's agent does not represent the interest of the seller. The obligations of a buyer's agent are also subject to any specific provisions set forth in an agreement between the agent and the buyer, in dealings with the seller, a buyer's agent should (a) exercise reasonable skill and care in performance of the

agent's duties; (b) deal honestly, fairly and in good faith; and (c) disclose all facts known to the agent materially affecting the buyer's ability and/or willingness to perform a contract to acquire seller's property that are not inconsistent with the agent's fiduciary duties to the buyer.

#### **Broker's Agents**

A broker's agent is an agent that cooperates or is engaged by a listing agent or a buyer's agent (but does not work for the same firm as the listing agent or buyer's agent) to assist the listing agent or buyer's agent in locating a property to sell or buy, respectively, for the listing agent's seller or the buyer agent's buyer. The broker's agent does not have a direct relationship with the buyer or seller and the buyer or seller cannot provide instructions or direction directly to the broker's agent. The buyer and the seller therefore do not have vicarious liability for the acts of the broker's agent. The listing agent or buyer's agent and therefore the listing agent or buyer's agent will have liability for the acts of the broker's agent.

#### **Dual Agent**

A real estate broker may represent both the buyer and the seller if both the buyer and seller give their informed consent In writing. In such a dual agency situation, the agent will not be able to provide the full range of flduciary duties to the buyer and seller. The obligations of an agent are also subject to any specific provisions set forth in an agreement between the agent, and the buyer and seller. An agent acting as a dual agent must explain carefully to both the buyer and seller that the agent is acting for the other party as well. The agent should also explain the possible effects of dual representation, including that by consenting to the dual agency relationship the buyer and seller are giving up their right to undivided loyalty. A buyer or seller should carefully consider the possible consequences of a dual agency relationship before agreeing to such representation. A seller or buyer may provide advance informed consent to dual agency by indicating the same on this form.

#### **Dual Agent with Designated Sales Agents**

If the buyer and seller provide their informed consent in writing, the principals and the real estate broker who represents both parties as a dual agent may designate a sales agent to represent the buyer and another sales agent to represent the seller. A sales agent works under the supervision of the real estate broker. With the informed consent of the buyer and the seller in writing, the designated sales agent for the buyer will function as the buyer's agent representing the interests of and advocating on behalf of the buyer and the designated sales agent for the seller will

### New York State Disclosure Form for Buyer and Seller function as the seller's agent representing the interests of under whose supervision they function, they cannot provide and advocating on behalf of the seller in the negotiations undivided loyalty. A buyer or seller should carefully consider between the buyer and seller. A designated sales agent the possible consequences of a dual agency relationship cannot provide the full range of fiduciary duties to the with designated sales agents before agreeing to such landlord or tenant. The designated sales agent cannot provide full range of fiduciary duties to the buyer or seller. The representation. A seller or buyer provide advance informed designated sales agent must explain that like the dual agent consent to dual agency with designated sales agents by indicating the same on this form. This form was provided to me by Norman Benjamin of KU Platform (Print Name of Licensee) Print Name of Company, Firm or Brokerage) a licensed real estate broker acting in the interest of the: Ŋ∕ Seller as a *(check relationship below)* Buyer as a (check relationship below) Seller's Agent Buyer's Agent Broker's Agent Dual Agent Dual Agent with Designated Sales Agent For advance informed consent to either dual agency or dual agency with designated sales agents complete section below: Advance Informed Consent Dual Agency Advance Informed Consent To Dual Agency with Designated Sales Agents If dual agent with designated sales agents is indicated above; \_\_\_\_\_\_ is appointed to represent the buyer; and \_\_\_\_\_\_ is appointed to represent the seller in this transaction. (I) (We) \_\_\_\_\_\_ acknowledge receipt of a copy of this disclosure form: Signature of Buyer(s) and/o Seller(s):

DOS-1736-f (Rev. 11/15)

Date: 16 ) 34 / 34

GL®BAL MLS, Inc.

DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION ON LEAD-BASED PAINT AND/OR LEAD-BASED PAINT HAZARDS SELLER /BUYER

Beller N	ame(s):	Selli'S	Supern	narbet Inc
ropert	y Address:	16.00	Brone	narret Inc
Every Buj exposure produce j polsoning informatic	to lead from lead-ba permanent neurologi galso poses a partic ph on lead-based pa	sed paint that ma cal damage, includ Diar risk to pregnat Int hazards from ri	y place young ch ling learning dise nt women. The S sk assessments	a residential dwelling was built prior to 1978 is notified that such property may present hildren at risk of developing lead poisoning. Lead poisoning in young children may sabilities, reduced intelligence quotient, behavioral problems, and impaired memory. Lead Seller of any interest in residential real property is required to provide the Buyer with any or inspections in the Seller's possession and notify the Buyer of any know lead-based d-based paint hazards is recommended prior to purchase.
				d paint hazards (check (i) or (ii) below): ad-based paint hazards are present in the housing (explain).
b)	Records and rep	ort avallable to ti ler has provided	re Seller (checl the Buyer with	pased paint and/or lead based paint hazards in the housing. ck (I) or (II) below): n all avallable records and reports pertaining to lead-based paint housing (list documents below):
	b. 🏻 sel	ler has no repor	ts or records pe	ertaining to lead-based paint and/or lead-based paint hazards in the housing.
Buyer's c) d) e)	Buyer has (check aassessr b	ver has received ver has received ((i) or (ii) below) received a nent or inspection	copies of all in the pamphlet in the pamphlet in the propertion for the prese to opportunity to	nformation listed above,  Protect Your Family from Lead in Your Home.  tunity (or mutually agreed upon period) to conduct a risk ence of lead-based paint and/or lead-based paint hazards, o conduct a risk assessment or inspection for the presence of aint hazards.
f)	Se	ler has not provi		r reports to Buyer.
Agent's g)	Acknowledgme Ag his/her responsit	ant has Informed		the Seller's obligations under 42 U.S.C. 4852d and is aware of
The foll	ation of Accurac owing parties have tion they have pro	reviewed the ir		live and certify, to the best of their knowledge, that the $10/24/3y$
Buyer			Dale	Seller Date
Buyer			Date	Seller San Baren Date 1/24/20
Buyer A	genl		Date	Listing Agent Norman Benjamin Date  KW Platform  Listing Firm

12/22 - Global Mi.S. 449 New Karner Road, Albany, NY 12205, 518-464-8913

## GL® BAL MLS, Inc. CARBON MONOXIDE AND SMOKE DETECTOR/ALARM DISCLOSURE

As this is a legally binding contract, it is recommended you consult an Attorney before signing.

- 1. Regulations require that a functioning carbon monoxide and smoke detector must be installed in every one- and two-family house, co-op or condo constructed or offered for sale.
- 2. At least one carbon monoxide alarm and smoke detector must be present in each dwelling unit.
- 3. A carbon monoxide detector must be located in the immediate vicinity of the bedrooms on the lowest floor. For example, if the bedrooms are all on the second floor then the detector must be placed on the second floor near the bedrooms.
- 4. The carbon monoxide alarms must have UL certification (this will most likely be stated on the packaging) and must be installed according to the manufacturer's instructions.
- 5. The carbon monoxide alarms may be hardwired to the dwelling, plugged into an outlet or battery operated.
- 6. If the carbon monoxide detector is part of a fire/burglar/carbon monoxide system or the alarms are monitored by a service, a distinctive alarm must be used to differentiate between the carbon monoxide alarm and the other system functions.
- 7. The carbon monoxide alarm must be maintained according to the manufacturer's instructions.
- 8. The alarms shall not be removed except for replacement, service or repair of the alarm.
- 9. Combination smoke/carbon monoxide detectors are allowed under new regulations if they meet the same criteria above.
- 10. The regulations DO APPLY for properties "For Sale By Owners".

Purchaser/Tenant Date	Seller/Landlord Date	2١
Purchaser/Tenant Date	Seller/Landlord Date	
Purchaser's Agent/Tenant's Agent Date	Seller's Agent/Landlord's Agent Date  Norman Benjamin  10/24/2	Ŋ

Keller Williams Capital District, 38 High Rock Ave Saratoga Springs NY 12866 Abbey McCormick

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Test- Norm