

We never stop moving.™



PRIME PROPERTIES

Carbon Monoxide and Smoke Detectors / Alarms Disclosure

1. Regulations require that a functioning carbon monoxide and smoke detector must be installed in every one and two family house, co-op or condo constructed or offered for sale.
2. At least one carbon monoxide alarm and smoke detector must be present in each dwelling unit.
3. A carbon monoxide detector must be located in the immediate vicinity of the bedrooms on the lowest floor. For example, if the bedrooms are all on the second floor then the detector must be placed on the second floor near the bedrooms.
4. The carbon monoxide alarms must have UL certification (this will most likely be stated on the packaging) and must be installed according to the manufacturer's instructions.
5. The carbon monoxide alarms may be hardwired to the dwelling, plugged into an outlet or battery operated.
6. If the carbon monoxide detector is part of a fire/burglar/carbon monoxide system or the alarms are monitored by a service, a distinctive alarm must be used to differentiate between the carbon monoxide alarm and the other system functions.
7. The carbon monoxide alarm must be maintained according to the manufacturer's instructions.
8. The alarms shall not be removed except for replacement, service or repair of the alarm.
9. Combination smoke/carbon monoxide detectors are allowed under the new regulations if they meet the same criteria above.
10. The regulations DO APPLY for properties "For Sale By Owners".

Purchaser	Date	<div style="text-align: center;"><i>Paul Johnson</i></div> Seller Paul Johnson	<div style="text-align: center;">2-7-26</div> Date
Purchaser	Date	<div style="text-align: center;"><i>Elizabeth Johnson</i></div> Seller Elizabeth Johnson	<div style="text-align: center;">2/7/26</div> Date
Agent		<div style="text-align: center;"><i>Christine Frith</i></div> Agent Christine Frith	<div style="text-align: center;">2/8/26</div>

Rev: 6-21-13



Disclosure of Affiliate Companies

Coldwell Banker Prime Properties is a real estate broker duly licensed by the State of New York, with its principal office located at 621 Columbia Street, Suite 200, Cohoes, NY 12047.

We wish to disclose to you, the Purchasers and/or Sellers of real estate, that there exists a close affiliation between and, to some degree, a common ownership of the following companies: **Prime Properties RE, LLC., Prime Properties of Queensbury, LLC., Prime Referrals, Inc., State Farm Insurance, Allstate Insurance, LLC., CB Catskills, LLC, Real Properties Group, USA LLC, Prime Properties Capital, LLC.** These companies provide services sometimes needed or desired by Purchasers and Sellers. Other companies also offer these services as well. No fees of any type are paid to Coldwell Banker Prime Properties in connection with a mortgage transaction, title insurance transaction, home construction, or property management, other than return on ownership interest. State Farm Insurance and Allstate Insurance may provide compensation (under \$10) to CBPP for services provided. Disclosure of the relationships is required pursuant to Section 2607 of the Real Estate Settlement Act of 1974 as amended (RESPA).

You, the Purchasers and Sellers, should determine to your own satisfaction which services you need or desire and which company can best provide these services. It is agreed and understood that customers or clients of Coldwell Banker Prime Properties may be contacted by a representative of CBPP and/or any above-mentioned companies concerning this or future real estate matters at the phone number provided to agent by consumer.

As real estate brokers, we are not advisors on legal, engineering, surveying, water quantity or quality, the existence of insect infestation, structural condition, or other technical matters. However, we will be pleased to provide you with information on how to engage such other professionals as you may determine to use in your transactions. Our goal is to arrange a meeting of the minds between the Purchaser and Seller and to make the transactions as easy as possible. We will be happy to answer any questions regarding our role as real estate brokers.

_____	_____	<i>Paul Johnson</i>	<i>2-7-26</i>
Purchaser	Date	Seller Paul Johnson	Date
_____	_____	<i>Elizabeth Johnson</i>	<i>2/7/26</i>
Purchaser	Date	Seller Elizabeth Johnson	Date
_____	_____	<i>Christine Frith</i>	<i>2/8/26</i>
Agent	Date	Agent Christine Frith	Date



Division of Licensing Services

New York State
Department of State
Division of Licensing Services
P.O. Box 22001
Albany, NY 12201-2001
Customer Service: (518) 474-4429
www.dos.ny.gov

New York State Disclosure Form for Buyer and Seller

THIS IS NOT A CONTRACT

New York State law requires real estate licensees who are acting as agents of buyers or sellers of real property to advise the potential buyers or sellers with whom they work of the nature of their agency relationship and the rights and obligations it creates. This disclosure will help you to make informed choices about your relationship with the real estate broker and its sales agents.

Throughout the transaction you may receive more than one disclosure form. The law may require each agent assisting in the transaction to present you with this disclosure form. A real estate agent is a person qualified to advise about real estate.

If you need legal, tax or other advice, consult with a professional in that field.

Disclosure Regarding Real Estate Agency Relationships

Seller's Agent *PA* *EF*

A seller's agent is an agent who is engaged by a seller to represent the seller's interests. The seller's agent does this by securing a buyer for the seller's home at a price and on terms acceptable to the seller. A seller's agent has, without limitation, the following fiduciary duties to the seller: reasonable care, undivided loyalty, confidentiality, full disclosure, obedience and duty to account. A seller's agent does not represent the interests of the buyer. The obligations of a seller's agent are also subject to any specific provisions set forth in an agreement between the agent and the seller. In dealings with the buyer, a seller's agent should (a) exercise reasonable skill and care in performance of the agent's duties; (b) deal honestly, fairly and in good faith; and (c) disclose all facts known to the agent materially affecting the value or desirability of property, except as otherwise provided by law.

Buyer's Agent

A buyer's agent is an agent who is engaged by a buyer to represent the buyer's interest. The buyer's agent does this by negotiating the purchase of a home at a price and on terms acceptable to the buyer. A buyer's agent has, without limitation, the following fiduciary duties to the buyer: reasonable care, undivided loyalty, confidentiality, full disclosure, obedience and duty to account. A buyer's agent does not represent the interest of the seller. The obligations of a buyer's agent are also subject to any specific provisions set forth in an agreement between the agent and the buyer. In dealings with the seller, a buyer's agent should (a) exercise reasonable skill and care in performance of the

agent's duties; (b) deal honestly, fairly and in good faith; and (c) disclose all facts known to the agent materially affecting the buyer's ability and/or willingness to perform a contract to acquire seller's property that are not inconsistent with the agent's fiduciary duties to the buyer.

Broker's Agents

A broker's agent is an agent that cooperates or is engaged by a listing agent or a buyer's agent (but does not work for the same firm as the listing agent or buyer's agent) to assist the listing agent or buyer's agent in locating a property to sell or buy, respectively, for the listing agent's seller or the buyer agent's buyer. The broker's agent does not have a direct relationship with the buyer or seller and the buyer or seller cannot provide instructions or direction directly to the broker's agent. The buyer and the seller therefore do not have vicarious liability for the acts of the broker's agent. The listing agent or buyer's agent do provide direction and instruction to the broker's agent and therefore the listing agent or buyer's agent will have liability for the acts of the broker's agent.

Dual Agent

A real estate broker may represent both the buyer and the seller if both the buyer and seller give their informed consent in writing. In such a dual agency situation, the agent will not be able to provide the full range of fiduciary duties to the buyer and seller. The obligations of an agent are also subject to any specific provisions set forth in an agreement between the agent, and the buyer and seller. An agent acting as a dual agent must explain carefully to both the buyer and seller that the agent is acting for the other party as well. The agent should also explain the possible effects of dual representation, including that by consenting to the dual agency relationship the buyer and seller are giving up their right to undivided loyalty. A buyer or seller should carefully consider the possible consequences of a dual agency relationship before agreeing to such representation. A seller or buyer may provide advance informed consent to dual agency by indicating the same on this form.

Dual Agent with Designated Sales Agents

If the buyer and seller provide their informed consent in writing, the principals and the real estate broker who represents both parties as a dual agent may designate a sales agent to represent the buyer and another sales agent to represent the seller. A sales agent works under the supervision of the real estate broker. With the informed consent of the buyer and the seller in writing, the designated sales agent for the buyer will function as the buyer's agent representing the interests of and advocating on behalf of the buyer and the designated sales agent for the seller will

New York State Disclosure Form for Buyer and Seller

function as the seller's agent representing the interests of and advocating on behalf of the seller in the negotiations between the buyer and seller. A designated sales agent cannot provide the full range of fiduciary duties to the landlord or tenant. The designated sales agent cannot provide full range of fiduciary duties to the buyer or seller. The designated sales agent must explain that like the dual agent

under whose supervision they function, they cannot provide undivided loyalty. A buyer or seller should carefully consider the possible consequences of a dual agency relationship with designated sales agents before agreeing to such representation. A seller or buyer provide advance informed consent to dual agency with designated sales agents by indicating the same on this form.

This form was provided to me by Christine Frith of Coldwell Banker Prime Properties
(Print Name of Licensee) (Print Name of Company, Firm or Brokerage)

a licensed real estate broker acting in the interest of the:

- Seller as a (check relationship below) Buyer as a (check relationship below)
- Seller's Agent Buyer's Agent
- Broker's Agent Broker's Agent
- Dual Agent
- Dual Agent with Designated Sales Agent

For advance informed consent to either dual agency or dual agency with designated sales agents complete section below:

- Advance Informed Consent Dual Agency
- Advance Informed Consent To Dual Agency with Designated Sales Agents

If dual agent with designated sales agents is indicated above: _____ is appointed to represent the buyer; and _____ is appointed to represent the seller in this transaction.

(I) (We) Paul Johnson, Elizabeth Johnson acknowledge receipt of a copy of this disclosure form:

Signature of Buyer(s) and/or Seller(s):

Paul Johnson
Paul Johnson

Elizabeth Johnson
Elizabeth Johnson

Date: 2/7/26

Date: _____



Division of Licensing Services

New York State
Department of State Division of Licensing Services
(518) 474-4429
www.dos.ny.gov

New York State
Division of Consumer Rights
(888) 392-3644

New York State Housing and Anti-Discrimination Disclosure Form

Federal, State and local Fair Housing Laws provide comprehensive protections from discrimination in housing. It is unlawful for any property owner, landlord, property manager or other person who sells, rents or leases housing, to discriminate based on certain protected characteristics, which include, but are not limited to **race, creed, color, national origin, sexual orientation, gender identity or expression, military status, sex, age, disability, marital status, lawful source of income or familial status**. Real estate professionals must also comply with all Fair Housing Laws.

Real estate brokers and real estate salespersons, and their employees and agents violate the Law if they:

- Discriminate based on any protected characteristic when negotiating a sale, rental or lease, including representing that a property is not available when it is available.
- Negotiate discriminatory terms of sale, rental or lease, such as stating a different price because of race, national origin or other protected characteristic.
- Discriminate based on any protected characteristic because it is the preference of a seller or landlord.
- Discriminate by "steering" which occurs when a real estate professional guides prospective buyers or renters towards or away from certain neighborhoods, locations or buildings, based on any protected characteristic.
- Discriminate by "blockbusting" which occurs when a real estate professional represents that a change has occurred or may occur in future in the composition of a block, neighborhood or area, with respect to any protected characteristics, and that the change will lead to undesirable consequences for that area, such as lower property values, increase in crime, or decline in the quality of schools.
- Discriminate by pressuring a client or employee to violate the Law.
- Express any discrimination because of any protected characteristic by any statement, publication, advertisement, application, inquiry or any Fair Housing Law record.

YOU HAVE THE RIGHT TO FILE A COMPLAINT

If you believe you have been the victim of housing discrimination you should file a complaint with the New York State Division of Human Rights (DHR). Complaints may be filed by:

- Downloading a complaint form from the DHR website: www.dhr.ny.gov;
- Stop by a DHR office in person, or contact one of the Division's offices, by telephone or by mail, to obtain a complaint form and/or other assistance in filing a complaint. A list of office locations is available online at: <https://dhr.ny.gov/contact-us>, and the Fair Housing HOTLINE at (844)-862-8703.

You may also file a complaint with the NYS Department of State, Division of Licensing Services. Complaints may be filed by:

- Downloading a complaint form from the Department of State's website https://www.dos.ny.gov/licensing/complaint_links.html
- Stop by a Department's office in person, or contact one of the Department's offices, by telephone or by mail, to obtain a complaint form.
- Call the Department at (518) 474-4429.

There is no fee charged to you for these services. It is unlawful for anyone to retaliate against you for filing a complaint.



Division of Licensing Services

New York State
Department of State Division of Licensing Services
(518) 474-4429
www.dos.ny.gov

New York State
Division of Consumer Rights
(888) 392-3644

New York State Housing and Anti-Discrimination Disclosure Form

For more information on Fair Housing Act rights and responsibilities please visit <https://dhr.ny.gov/fairhousing> and <https://www.dos.ny.gov/licensing/fairhousing.html>.

This form was provided to me by Christine Frith (print name of Real Estate Salesperson/
Broker) of Coldwell Banker Prime Properties (print name of Real Estate company, firm or brokerage)

(I)(We) Paul Johnson, Elizabeth Johnson

(Buyer/Tenant/Seller/Landlord) acknowledge receipt of a copy of this disclosure form:

Buyer/Tenant/Seller/Landlord Signature Paul Johnson Date 2-7-26
Paul Johnson

Buyer/Tenant/Seller/Landlord Signature Elizabeth Johnson Date 2/7/26
Elizabeth Johnson

Real Estate broker and real estate salespersons are required by New York State law to provide you with this Disclosure.